Federal Legislation

**Decree 10.282/2020**: Lists of essential public services and activities.
- Considers auxiliary and supportive activities that are required for the production chain of essential public services and activities. (Art. 3º, §2º)
- Prohibits restrictions on the movement of workers who provide essential services and cargo of any kind that may result in a shortage of necessary supplies to the population. (Art. 3º, §2º)

**MPV 927/2020**: Addresses labor measures to deal with public health emergencies.
- Suspension of administrative requirements for safety and health measures at work. (Art. 1º, item VI)
- Health establishments are allowed to extend the workday and adopt overtime schedules without any administrative penalties, while also ensuring payment and weekly rest to workers. (Art. 26, items I e II)

**MPV 926/2020**: Procedures for the acquisition of goods, services and supplies dealing with public health emergencies.
- Waiver of bidding procedures for the Public Administration on the acquisition of goods, services and supplies to respond to public health emergencies (Art. 4º).
- Purchasing goods and contracting services by the Public Administration are not restricted to new equipment, if the supplier guarantees the condition, use and operation of the acquired product and service. (Art. 4º-A)
- Contracts ruled by this Law will have a term of up to six months and may be extended for successive periods, if needed. (Art. 4º H).

**Decree 10.285/2020**: Reduces to zero tax rates the importation of industrialized products related to the prevention of COVID-19.

**Law nº 13993/2020**: Measures to prohibit or restrict the export of essential medical, hospital and hygiene products while the emergency period lasts.

**Bill 34/2020**: Compulsory loans - 10% of the profit of companies that are worth more than R$ 1 billion.

**Bill 1320/2020**: Compulsory license for Health products.

**Bill 1462/2020**: Compulsory license for Health products.

**Law 13.979/2020**: Addresses measures to deal with public health emergencies.
• Authorities will be allowed to perform compulsory measures such as: 1) Medical exams; 2) Laboratory tests; 3) Restrictions of roads, ports and airports based on technical reports from ANVISA; 4) appropriation of goods and services from natural and legal persons, in which case the subsequent payment of a fair indemnity will be guaranteed; 5) Exceptional and temporary importation of products subjected to sanitary vigilance without ANVISA’s registration, as long as these products are registered by an authorized foreign sanitary authority and is provided in an act of the Ministry of Health. (Art. 3º, items a, b, VI, VII and VIII)

**Ordinance 116/2020:** List of services, activities and products considered essential by the Ministry of Agriculture, for the full functioning of the food and beverage production chains, to ensure the supply to the Brazilian population when dealing with public health emergencies.

**MPV 945/2020:** Measures in response to the pandemic resulting from covid-19 with the objective of guaranteeing the preservation of port activities. The text also mentions that Airlines will be allowed to use military bases in Brazil during the state of emergency, free of charge.

**PEC 10/2020:** Creates an extraordinary fiscal, financial, and contracting regime for the Union to deal with public health emergencies. The measure creates a parallel budget for calamity periods, which aims to separate emergency action expenses from the general federal budget.

**PLP 39/2020:** Establishes financial assistance from the Union to States, the Federal District and Municipalities to mitigate the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic.

### Federal Government Economic Measures

#### Vulnerable Population

- Anticipation of the first and second installment of the 13th salary of public retirees and pensioners - release of R$ 46 billion.
- Authorized withdrawals of amounts from Social Contributions (PIS/Pasep) - impact of up to R$ 21.5 billion.
- Reduction of interest on payroll loan for retirees and pensioners and increase of the margin for payment term.
- Bolsa Família (Social Program): Reinforcement of the program, inclusion of 1.2 million of new beneficiaries – impact up to R$ 3.1 billion.
- Central Bank and Ministry of Economy announced measures to facilitate the renegotiation of up to R$ 3.2 trillion in loans by families and companies and also to expand credit capacity of the financial system by up to R$ 637 billion. This measure is in course but depends on the banks to adhere.
- Minimum income: Emergency aid for informal and low-income workers - R$ 300 per month, for three months, to meet essential needs. Up to 20 million people will be contemplated, and the cost will be up to $ 22.5 billion per month. Congress is trying to increase the benefit to R$ 600.

#### Jobs Maintenance

Tax Measures
• Postponement of the Fund of Service Time (FGTS) payments term for 3 months - impact of R $ 30 billion.
• 50% reduction in contributions for Sistema S tax for 3 months - impact of R $ 2.2 billion.
• Postponement of the Union's share in Simples Nacional tax (Micro and Small Business tax) for 3 months - estimate of R$ 22.2 billion.

Bureaucracy
• Facilitation of the Customs clearance of imported industrial raw materials before landing.

Labor
• The government will pay a compensation to workers who have their wages and work hours reduced by companies; initially, estimated between R$ 261.25 and R$ 381.22, but values may change - impact of R$ 36 billion. This measure was announced by the Federal Government and should be presented to Congress in form of a Provisional Measure.
• Central Bank announced R$ 40 billion to finance salary of workers of SMB.

Actions to combat the COVID-19 Pandemic

Budget
• R$ 5.1 billion in extra credit for programs of the Ministry of Health.

Bureaucracy
• Prioritization customs clearance of products for medical and hospital use.

Aid for States and Municipalities
• Emergency transfer to state and municipal health funds - R$ 8 billion in four months.
• Transfer to compensate loss of revenue to States and municipalities - R$ 16 billion in four months
• Suspension of debt collection from States and Municipalities with the Union and the Public Banks - R$ 22.2 billion
• Transfer of R$ 2 billion for social assistance projects and actions of the States and Municipalities.

State of São Paulo

Economic incentive: Release of R$ 500 million to enhance the state's economy. Focus will be on encouraging entrepreneurship and generating employment and income. Of the total, R$ 225 million will help micro-entrepreneurs in São Paulo.

Weighing suspension on highways: Suspension of weighing of trucks on state highways under concession and on those managed by DER (Department of Highways) to facilitate the arrival of cargo and products to their final destination. The measure starts to take effect on March 23 and will be valid for 90 days, reaching a road network of about 22 thousand kilometers of roads.
Quarantine Decree 64.881/2020 suspending certain activities

State of Rio de Janeiro

Transport: 50% reduction of the fleet of buses, ferrets, trains and metro.

Recommendations: 1) Reduction to 30% the capacity in bars and restaurants. Maintenance of normal delivery and carry out of food in establishments; 2) Hotels to restrict the operation of bars and restaurants to guests only; 3) Suspension of flights from states and countries with confirmed coronavirus circulation or under an emergency situation.

State of Emergency Decree 46.973/2020

Useful links and additional information

- [Ministry of Health Coronavirus (COVID-19) website](#)
- [Compiled Brazilian Legislation List on Coronavirus (COVID-19)](#)
- [Brazilian State of Public Calamity Declaration](#)
- [International Flight Restrictions - Ordinance nº 126/2020](#)
- [Closure of Land Borders in Brazil - Ordinance nº 125/2020](#)
- [State of São Paulo Measures and Actions related to COVID-19](#)
- [State of Rio de Janeiro Measures and Actions related to COVID-19](#)

*These links are from official government websites, in Portuguese.*